

(FOR THE CANDIDATES ADMITTED

SUBJECT CODE

20 UCY 5E1

DURING THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-21 ONLY)

REG.NO.

N.G.M.COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) : POLLACHI

END-OF-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS : DECEMBER – 2022

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY

MAXIMUM MARKS: 70

V SEMESTER

TIME : 3 HOURS

PART - III

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY - I

SECTION – A (10 X 1 = 10 MARKS)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.

(K1)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE OR TWO SENTENCES.

(K2)

6. Define error.
7. What is inferred from a thermogram?
8. Depict a polarogram.
9. Define half-wave potential.
10. Assess column efficiency.

SECTION – B (5 x 4 =20 MARKS)

ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

(K3)

11. a. Account for significant figures in analysis.
(OR)
- b. Washing precipitates before drying in gravimetric analysis is mandatory. Why?
12. a. With help of a block diagram of DTA, explain the components of the instrument.
(OR)
- b. Draw the DTA curve for $\text{Ca}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ in air and explain.
13. a. What is flame photometry. Explain the principle involved in analysis of sodium ions.
(OR)
- b. Polarimetry is used in the quantitative analysis of sugars. Comment.
14. a. Write short notes on Amperometric titrations.
(OR)
- b. Write the Ilkovic equation and explain the terms involved in it.
15. a. Draw and explain column chromatography in detail.
- b. Illustrate and explain thin layer chromatography.

SECTION - C (4 x 10 =40 MARKS)

ANSWER ANY FOUR OUT OF SIX QUESTION

16th QUESTION IS COMPULSORY AND ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS FROM Qn.No . 17 to 21 (K4/K5)

16. Give reasons for using DME in polarography with a neat sketch.
17. Certain organic precipitants that form complexes with divalent ions Ni, Mg and Cu. Write the mode of action.
18. Discuss the principle and applications of Thermo Gravimetric Analysis (TGA) with a diagram.
19. Differentiate between nephelometry and turbidimetry.
20. (i) With a neat sketch, detail the concept of half-wave potential. Mention its importance.
(ii) State residual current.
21. Sketch and explain paper chromatography. How is Pb^{2+} and Ag^+ separated by this method.