

(FOR THE CANDIDATES ADMITTED

**23UHY615**

DURING THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2023

ONLY)

REG.NO. :

**N.G.M.COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) : POLLACHI**

**END-OF-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS : MAY 2026**

**B.A HISTORY**

**MAXIMUM MARKS: 75**

**SEMESTER-VI**

**TIME : 3 HOURS**

**PART - III**

## **23UHY615-FREEDOM STRUGGLE**

**SECTION – A**

**(10 X 1 = 10 MARKS)**

**ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (K1)**

1. Who founded the Indian National Congress?

A) Dadabhai Naoroji

B) Allan Octavian Hume

C) Surendranath Banerjee

D) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

2. The assassination of Robert Ashe by Vanchinathan took place in:

A) Madras

B) Tirunelveli

C) Maniyachi Railway Station

D) Tuticorin

3. The Indian Councils Act 1909 is commonly known as:

A) Pitt's India Act

B) Minto–Morley Reforms

C) Montagu–Chelmsford Reforms

D) Government of India Act

4. The Non-Cooperation Movement was launched in:

A) 1918

B) 1920

C) 1925

D) 1930

5. Who founded Indian National Army?

A)Nethaji

B)Gandhi

C)Patel

D) Nehru

**ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE (OR) TWO SENTENCES**

**(K2)**

6. What was the slogan of Bala Gangadar thilak regarding Swaraj?

7.Name the shipping company founded by V. O. Chidambaram Pillai to challenge the British trade monopoly?

8. What is meant by Dyarchy?

9.What was the slogan of Gandhi during the Quit India Movement?

10.What was the name of the military force organized by Subhas Chandra Bose to fight the British?

**SECTION – B**

**(5 X 5 = 25 MARKS)**

**ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (K3)**

11. a)Describe the objectives of the early Indian National Congress.

**(OR)**

b)Explain the role of Western education in the growth of nationalism in India.

12a) Explain the revolutionary activities of V. V. S. Aiyar.

**(OR)**

b) Describe the nationalist contribution of Subramania Siva.

13.a) What was the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre?

**(OR)**

b) What was the main aim of the Khilafat Movement?

14.a) Discuss the importance of the Salt March in the development of the Civil Disobedience Movement.

**(OR)**

b) Explain the significance of the Simon Commission.

15. a) Explain the significance of the Simla Conference.

**(OR)**

b) Analyse the role of Lord Louis Mountbatten in the process of Indian independence.

### **SECTION – C**

**(5 X 8 = 40 MARKS)**

**ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.K4 (Or) K5)**

16. a) Examine the major factors responsible for the rise of nationalism in India during the nineteenth century. **(OR)**

b) Explain the importance of the Extremist leaders Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Lala Lajpat Rai, and Bipin Chandra Pal in the nationalist movement.

17. a) Examine the life and nationalist activities of V. O. Chidambaram Pillai and his contribution to the Swadeshi movement in Tamil Nadu.

**(OR)**

b) Discuss the origin, objectives, and significance of the Home Rule Movement in India.

18. a) Analyse the circumstances that led to the introduction of the Indian Councils Act 1909 and evaluate their impact on Indian politics.

**(OR)**

b) Discuss the provisions and importance of the Government of India Act 1919 in the constitutional development of India.

19. a) Discuss the causes, programme, and significance of the Non-Cooperation Movement in the Indian freedom struggle.

**(OR)**

b) Describe the causes, progress, and impact of the Civil Disobedience Movement in India.

20. a) Examine the circumstances that led to the Partition of India and its consequences.

**(OR)**

b) Examine the origin, growth, and activities of the Indian National Army.

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Ethical paper