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(FOR THE CANDIDATES ADMITTED

SUB CODE

DURING THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2024-2026 ONLY)

REG.NO. :

N.G.M. COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS): POLLACHI

END-OF-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS: MAY 2026

COURSE NAME: MSW

MAXIMUM MARKS: 75

SEMESTER: IV

TIME: 3 HOURS

24PSW4C5– MANAGEMENT OF NON –GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

SECTION – A

(10 X 1 = 10 MARKS)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

(Objective Questions with four Multiple Choices)

(K1)

1. What is meant by a Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)?
 - A) An organization run by the government
 - B) A profit-oriented business enterprise
 - C) A voluntary organization working for social welfare without profit motive
 - D) A political party
2. Choose the correct Act related to the registration of societies in India
 - A) Indian Trust Act, 1882
 - B) Companies Act, 1956
 - C) Societies Registration Act, 1860
 - D) FCRA Act
3. Why is project identification important in Non-Profit Organizations?
 - A) To increase competition
 - B) To identify genuine community needs
 - C) To reduce staff workload
 - D) To attract private companies
4. How does project evaluation help NGOs?
 - A) By increasing expenditure
 - B) By assessing effectiveness and outcomes
 - C) By avoiding donor contact
 - D) By stopping projects
5. Why is project monitoring important in NGO functioning?
 - A) To increase profits
 - B) To control beneficiaries
 - C) To ensure proper implementation and accountability
 - D) To reduce staff strength

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE (OR) TWO SENTENCES

(K2)

6. What is the main objective of a Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)?
7. How can a Non-Profit Organization be legally registered in India?
8. What is meant by project formulation in Non-Profit Organizations?
9. Why is Logical Framework Analysis (LFA) used in project planning?
10. What is meant by project monitoring?

CONTD 2)

SECTION – B**(5 X 5 = 25 MARKS)****ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.****(K3)**

11. a) Explain the meaning, objectives non – Government organization
(OR)
b) Write the Role of NGOs
12. a) Discuss on the monitoring mechanism adopted by Governments
(OR)
b) Write the aims and objectives of the executive committee in NGOs
13. a) Explain on Project Formulation
(OR)
b) Discuss the Meaning, Steps in budgeting
14. a) Explain the Donor Consortium Approach
(OR)
b) Discuss on the Logical Frame Analysis
15. a) Develop the need and importance of project monitoring and evaluation
(OR)
b) Apply the awareness on behavioral, environmental and social issues

SECTION – C**(5 X 8 = 40 MARKS)****ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.****(K4 (Or) K5)**

16. a) Analyze the historical development of NGOs in India
(OR)
b) List out the types of Non-Profit Organization
17. a) Assess the key features and functions of Indian Trust Act, 1882
(OR)
b) Summarize on the legal framework related to NGOs in Societies Registration Act, 1860
18. a) Examine on the preparation of project proposals and project implementation
(OR)
b) Simplify on techniques in fund raising
19. a) Explain on sources of funding in NGOs
(OR)
b) Formulate the methods of PRA
20. a) Analysis the NGO functions in different Fields
(OR)
b) List out the role of NGOs in administering the social welfare programmes

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