

25UCY2A2

N.G.M COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS): POLLACHI

END-OF -SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS: APRIL 2026

B. Sc. CHEMISTRY

MAXIMUM MARKS: 75

SEMESTER: II

TIME: 3 HOURS

ANCILLARY MATHEMATICS FOR CHEMISTRY - II

SECTION - A

(10 X 1 =10 MARKS)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.

K1

1. $1 - \frac{\theta^2}{2!} + \frac{\theta^4}{4!} - \dots$

- a)
- $e^{i\theta}$
- b)
- $e^{2\theta}$
- c)
- $e^{-i\theta}$
- d)
- $e^{-2\theta}$

2. $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s}\right] = \dots\dots\dots$

- a) 0 b) -1 c) 2 d) 1

3. ∇C -----where C is a constant.

- a) 0 b) -1 c) 1 d)
- ∞

4. If $\int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ to be independent is that of $\text{curl } \vec{F} = \dots\dots\dots$

- a) 1 b) 0 c) 2 d) 3

5. A scalar function is harmonic then $\nabla^2 \phi = \dots\dots\dots$

- a) 0 b) 1 c)
- ∞
- d) -1

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE OR TWO SENTENCES.

K2

6. Write the formula for $\sin hz$.7. Write the formula for $L^{-1}[\cos hat]$.

8. Define Solenoidal vector.

9. Define line integral.

10. State Gauss Divergence theorem.

SECTION - B (5X5=25 MARKS)

ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

K3

11. a) If $\tan \frac{x}{2} = \tan h \frac{x}{2}$ show that $\cos x \cos hx = 1$.

[OR]

b) Separate into real and imaginary parts $\tan (x + iy)$.

12. a) Write shifting property.

[OR]

b) Find $L\{\sin h at\}$.13. a) Show that the vector $\vec{F} = 3y^4z^2\vec{i} + 4x^3z^2\vec{j} - 3x^2y^2\vec{k}$ is solenoidal.

[OR]

b) Show that the vector $\vec{F} = (y^2 - z^2 + 3yz - 2x)\vec{i} + (3xz + 2xy)\vec{j} + (3xy - 2xz + 2z)\vec{k}$ is irrotational.

(2)

14. a) Find the work done in moving a particle once around a circle C in the plane if the circle has centre at the origin and radius 2 units and if the force field is given by

$$\vec{F} = (2x - y + 2z)\vec{i} + (x + y - z^2)\vec{j} + (3x - 2y - 5z)\vec{k}.$$

[OR]

b) Find the circulation of \vec{F} round the curve C where $\vec{F} = y\vec{i} + z\vec{j} + x\vec{k}$ and C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1, z = 0$.

15. a) Show that the area bounded by a closed curve C is given by $\frac{1}{2} \oint_c (x dy - y dx)$.

[OR]

b) Find the area of the four leafed rose $r = 3 \sin 2\theta$.

SECTION – C (5X8=40 MARKS)

ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

16. a) If $\sin(\theta + i\varphi) = \tan(x + iy)$ show that $\frac{\tan \theta}{\tanh \varphi} = \frac{\sin 2x}{\sinh 2y}$.

[OR]

b) If $\tan y = \tan \alpha \tanh \beta$, $\tan z = \cot \alpha \tanh \beta$, prove that $\tan(y + z) = \sinh 2\beta \operatorname{cosec} 2\alpha$.

17. a) Find the Laplace transform of the $L\{\sin^3 2t\}$.

[OR]

b) Find the Laplace transform of the $L\{\sin^2 t \cos^3 t\}$.

18. a) Find the value of 'a' such that $\vec{F} = (axy - z^2)\vec{i} + (x^2 + 2yz)\vec{j} + (y^2 - axz)\vec{k}$ is irrotational.

[OR]

b) Prove that $\nabla \cdot [\nabla r^n] = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$.

19. a) If $\vec{F} = 4xz\vec{i} - y^2\vec{j} + yz\vec{k}$, evaluate $\iint_s \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$ where S is the surface of the cube bounded by $x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1$.

[OR]

b) Evaluate $\iint_s \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$ where $\vec{F} = yz\vec{i} + zx\vec{j} + xy\vec{k}$ and S is the part of the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ which lies in the first octant.

20. a) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\int_c (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy$ where C is the boundary of the region defined by $y = \sqrt{x}$ and $y = x^2$.

[OR]

b) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\int_c (xy + y^2)dx + x^2 dy$ where C is the chord curve of the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$.
